CITIZEN

Linear Actuator



CITIZEN CHIBA PRECISION CO., LTD.

https://ccj.citizen.co.jp/en/

Miniaturized Linear Actuator

Small Diameter	Stroke		Rated Thrust		High Resolution
φ 16 \sim 28 mm	6~30) mm	14.7	~58.8 N	0.24∼0.625µm
Accu	nal Repeat Iracy 0 μm		al Repeat Jracy 5 µm	Bidirectional Accu 10~5	

Features:

Our miniaturized AC Servo Linear Actuators are small, light weight, and straight-line type actuators that enable a high accuracy positioning.

We adopted a hollow structured AC servo motor for motor part and a small and high-resolution optical rotary encoder for encoder part. The direct design without gearheads or other items also achieved precise and high resolution positioning.

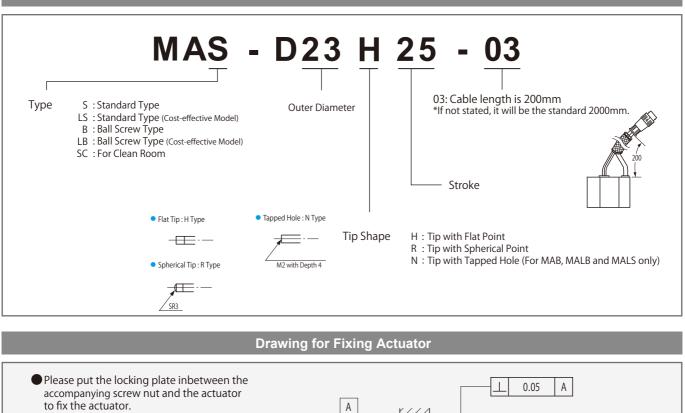
In addition to the above features, MAB and MALB Series use ball screws to achieve high speed and long life. MALS and MALB Series are the models with excellent cost-performance that accomplished significant cost reduction while maintaining a high accuracy positioning.

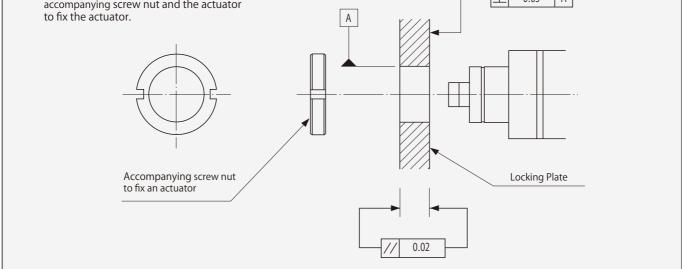
The driver we developed exclusively for these AC servo linear actuators is also compact, lightweight and multifunctional. Since it has a sine wave energization and GAIN LOW, it allows the smooth operation most required in linear actuator and zero vibration during positioning.

The actuator is relatively easy to adapt to be used in clean rooms and other special environments, and can also be applied to a wide range of applications such as production, inspection, and experimental equipment in optical and semiconductor industries.

Contents _

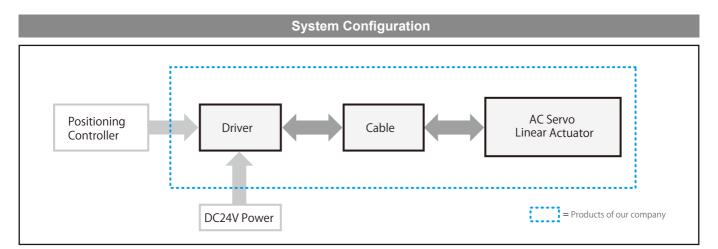
	Model Number • Drawing for Fixing Actuator • System Configuration	p.2
	Linear Actuators :	
•	Models for General Environment	
	MALS-D18 Series Standard Type (Cost-Effective Model)	р.3
	MAS-D16 Series Standard Type / Extra Thin	p.4
	MALS-D23 Series Standard Type (Cost-Effective Model)	p.5
		р.б
		р.7
	MAB-D28 Series High Speed / Long Life Type ·····	p.8
•	Models for Special Environments	
	MASC-D16 Series Linear Actuator for Clean Room	p.9
	MASC-D23 Series Linear Actuator for Clean Room	p.10
	Control Driver	
	• LAD-01 Series	~ 12
	Cables p.13 ~	~ 14
	Glossary • Accuracy Measurement	~ 16
	Models for Special Environments	p.17
	Cautions for Handling Products	p.18





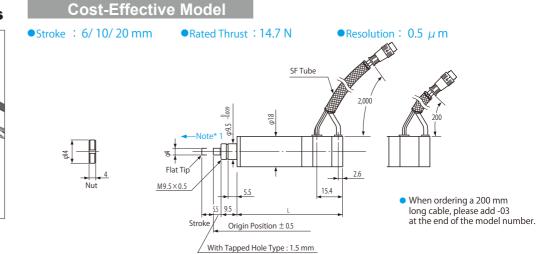
Note* 1: Please use the accompanying screw nut to fix the actuator to your equipment. If the actuator housing is fixed too tight, it may reduce accuracy.

Note *2: If the screw nut is tightened too strong such as the actuator locking plate is significantly deformed, the sliding part may also be deformed and malfunction may occur.



Standard Type

MALS-D18 Series



Specification

			Model		 Flat Tip : F
ltems	Unit	MALS-D18H06 MALS-D18R06 MALS-D18N06	MALS-D18H10 MALS-D18R10 MALS-D18N10	MALS-D18H20 MALS-D18R20 MALS-D18N20	Spherical
Stroke	mm	6	10	20	
Rated Thrust	N	14.7	14.7	14.7	SR3
Resolution	μm	0.5	0.5	0.5	
Maximum Speed	mm/s	4	4	4	 Tapped Ho
Screw Lead	mm	0.4	0.4	0.4	
Unidirectional Repeat Accuracy	μm	10	12	15	/
Bidirectional Repeat Accuracy	μm	15	17	20	M2 wi
Bidirectional Positioning Accuracy	μm	30	35	50	
Average Inverse Error	μm	10	10	15	
Limit Sensor	-		Hall Sensor		
Length	mm	63	67	77	
Weight	g	165	170	175	
Diameter	mm	φ18	φ18	φ18	

Note* 1: When the motor rotates in the CW direction viewed from rod side, it moves to the direction of the arrow.

Note* 2: Please be sure to use the limit switch. If not used, the rod may get stuck in the back and cannot be restored.

Note* 3: The logic of limit switch is normally closed (NC). Please connect the limit switch to the upper controller and adjust to stop the pulse output when the switch is turned ON.

Note* 4: Please use the accompanying screw nut to fix the actuator to your equipment. If the actuator housing is fixed too tight, it may decrease accuracy.

Note* 5: The actuator rod can receive loads in both forward and backward thrust directions. Please use springs or other similar item to apply preload to the rod to make load apply one direction when driving the actuator. If no preload is applied, backlash may occur and it may decrease accuracy.

In the inspection before shipping, a preload of 9.8 N is applied to measure the accuracy. However, please be careful not to apply a load exceeding the rated thrust in the backward thrust direction when installing the actuator to your equipment.

Note* 6: The actuator cable is not a bending resistant cable. Please contact us if bending stress is applied repeatedly to the cable.

Note* 7: For details on Origin Position, please see 'Glossary' on page 15.

Note* 8: The encoders of these models have 2 channels only and have no Z phase.

Note* 9: When attaching screws to the N type with screw holes, the torque applied to the actuator rod should be 1 Nm or less. If torque exceeding 1Nm is applied, the accuracy of the actuator may decrease.

Safety Mechanism

Our linear actuators have end limit sensor which also serves as a sensor for detecting the origin position at the backward end.

Compatibility

The mounting part is compatible with manual micrometer head.

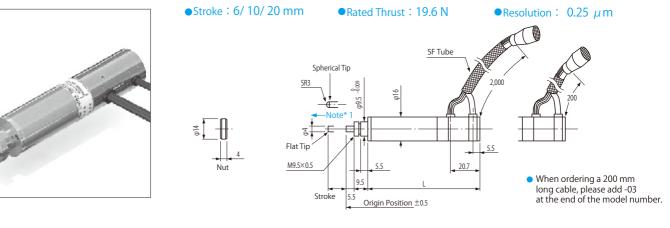
Special Driver

Please use our exclusive driver, LAD-01 Series, to drive actuators.

Extension Cable

Standard Type/ Extra Thin

MAS-D16 Series



Specification

			Model	
Items	Unit	MAS- D16H06 MAS- D16R06	MAS- D16H10 MAS- D16R10	MAS-D16H20 MAS-D16R20
Stroke	mm	6	10	20
Rated Thrust	N	19.6	19.6	19.6
Resolution	μm	0.25	0.25	0.25
Maximum Speed	mm/s	4	4	4
Screw Lead	mm	0.4	0.4	0.4
Unidirectional Repeat Accuracy	μm	3	3	3
Bidirectional Repeat Accuracy	μm	5	5	8
Bidirectional Positioning Accuracy	μm	10	10	16
Average Inverse Error	μm	3	3	5
Limit Sensor	-		Hall Sensor	
Length	mm	68	72	82
Weight	g	150	155	160
Diameter	mm	φ16	φ16	φ16

Note* 1: When the motor rotates in the CW direction viewed from rod side, it moves to the direction of the arrow.

Note* 2: Please be sure to use the limit switch. If not used, the rod may get stuck in the back and cannot be restored.

Note* 3: The logic of limit switch is normally closed (NC). Please connect the limit switch to the upper controller and adjust to stop the pulse output when the switch is turned ON.

Note* 4: Please use the accompanying screw nut to fix the actuator to your equipment. If the actuator housing is fixed too tight, it may decrease accuracy.

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Note* 7: For details on Origin Position, please see 'Glossary' on page 15.

Safety Mechanism

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Compatibility

The mounting part is compatible with manual micrometer head.

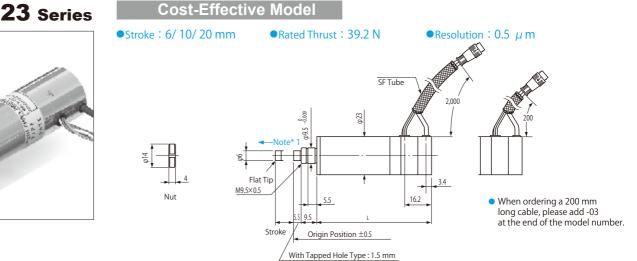
Special Driver

Please use our exclusive driver, LAD-01 Series, to drive actuators.

Extension Cable

Standard Type

MALS-D23 Series



Specification

			Model		 Flat 1
Items	Unit	MALS-D23H10 MALS-D23R10 MALS-D23N10	MALS-D23H15 MALS-D23R15 MALS-D23N15	MALS-D23H25 MALS-D23R25 MALS-D23N25	– • Sphe
Stroke	mm	10	15	25	_
Rated Thrust	N	39.2	39.2	39.2	
Resolution	μm	0.5	0.5	0.5	<u>/ sr</u>
Maximum Speed	mm/s	5	5	5	 Tappe
Screw Lead	mm	0.5	0.5	0.5	_
Unidirectional Repeat Accuracy	μm	10	12	15	M
Bidirectional Repeat Accuracy	μm	15	17	20	<u></u>
Bidirectional Positioning Accuracy	μm	30	35	50	
Average Inverse Error	μm	10	10	15	
Limit Sensor	-		Hall Sensor		
Length	mm	69	74	84	
Weight	g	220	225	230	
Diameter	mm	φ 23	φ23	φ23	

Note* 1: When the motor rotates in the CW direction viewed from rod side, it moves to the direction of the arrow.

Note* 2: Please be sure to use the limit switch. If not used, the rod may get stuck in the back and cannot be restored.

Note* 3: The logic of limit switch is normally closed (NC). Please connect the limit switch to the upper controller and adjust to stop the pulse output when the switch is turned ON.

Note* 4: Please use the accompanying screw nut to fix the actuator to your equipment. If the actuator housing is fixed too tight, it may decrease accuracy.

Note* 5: The actuator rod can receive loads in both forward and backward thrust directions. Please use springs or other similar item to apply preload to the rod to make load apply one direction when driving the actuator. If no preload is applied, backlash may occur and it may decrease accuracy.

In the inspection before shipping, a preload of 9.8 N is applied to measure the accuracy. However, please be careful not to apply a load exceeding the rated thrust in the backward thrust direction when installing the actuator to your equipment.

Note* 6: The actuator cable is not a bending resistant cable. Please contact us if bending stress is applied repeatedly to the cable.

Note* 7: For details on Origin Position, please see 'Glossary' on page 15.

Note* 8: The encoders of these models have 2 channels only and have no Z phase.

Note* 9: When attaching screws to the N type with screw holes, the torque applied to the actuator rod should be 1 Nm or less. If torque exceeding 1Nm is applied, the accuracy of the actuator may decrease.

Safety Mechanism

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Compatibility

The mounting part is compatible with manual micrometer head.

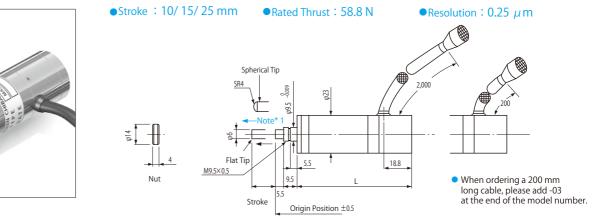
Special Driver

Please use our exclusive driver, LAD-01 Series, to drive actuators.

• Extension Cable

Standard Type

MAS-D23 Series



Specification

			Model	
Items	Unit	MAS- D23H10 MAS- D23R10	MAS- D23H15 MAS- D23R15	MAS-D23H25 MAS-D23R25
Stroke	mm	10	15	25
Rated Thrust	N	58.8	58.8	58.8
Resolution	μm	0.25	0.25	0.25
Maximum speed	mm/s	5	5	5
Screw Lead	mm	0.5	0.5	0.5
Unidirectional Repeat Accuracy	μm	3	3	3
Bidirectional Repeat Accuracy	μm	5	8	8
Bidirectional Positioning Accuracy	μm	10	13	20
Average Inverse Error	μm	3	4	5
Limit Sensor	-		Hall Sensor	
Length	mm	72	77	87
Weight	g	265	270	280
Diameter	mm	φ23	φ23	φ23

Note* 1: When the motor rotates in the CW direction viewed from rod side, it moves to the direction of the arrow.

Note* 2: Please be sure to use the limit switch. If not used, the rod may get stuck in the back and cannot be restored.

Note* 3: The logic of limit switch is normally closed (NC). Please connect the limit switch to the upper controller and adjust to stop the pulse output when the switch is turned ON.

Note* 4: Please use the accompanying screw nut to fix the actuator to your equipment. If the actuator housing is fixed too tight, it may decrease accuracy.

Note* 5: The actuator rod can receive loads in both forward and backward thrust directions. Please use springs or other similar item to apply preload to the rod to make load apply one direction when driving the actuator. If no preload is applied, backlash may occur and it may decrease accuracy.

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Note* 7: For details on Origin Position, please see 'Glossary' on page 15.

Safety Mechanism

Our linear actuators have end limit sensor which also serves as a sensor for detecting the origin position at the backward end.

Compatibility

The mounting part is compatible with manual micrometer head.

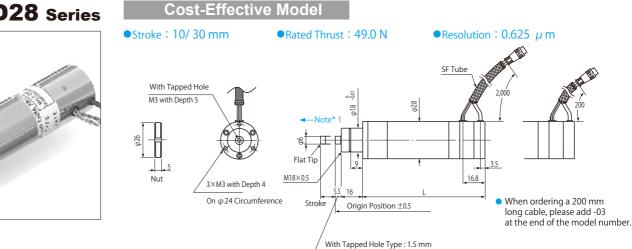
Special Driver

Please use our exclusive driver, LAD-01 Series, to drive actuators.

Extension Cable

High Speed/ Long Life Type

MALB-D28 Series



Specification

		Мо	del
ltems	Unit	MALB-D28H10 MALB-D28R10 MALB-D28N10	MALB-D28H30 MALB-D28R30 MALB-D28N30
Stroke	mm	10	30
Rated Thrust	N	49.0	49.0
Maximum Thrust in a Short Time	N	78.4	78.4
Resolution	μm	0.625	0.625
Maximum Speed	mm/s	40	40
Screw Lead	mm	1.0	1.0
Unidirectional Repeat Accuracy	μm	10	20
Bidirectional Repeat Accuracy	μm	15	25
Bidirectional Positioning Accuracy	μm	30	40
Average Inverse Error	μm	10	20
Limit Sensor	-	Hall S	ensor
Length	mm	92	112
Weight	g	400	450
Diameter	mm	φ28	φ28

Note* 1: When the motor rotates in the CW direction viewed from rod side, it moves to the direction of the arrow.

Note* 2: Please be sure to use the limit switch. If not used, the rod may get stuck in the back and cannot be restored.

Note* 3: The logic of limit switch is normally closed (NC). Please connect the limit switch to the upper controller and adjust to stop the pulse output when the switch is turned ON.

Note* 4: Please use the accompanying screw nut to fix the actuator to your equipment. If the actuator housing is fixed too tight, it may decrease accuracy

Note* 5: The actuator rod can receive loads in both forward and backward thrust directions. Please use springs or other similar item to apply preload to the rod to make load apply one direction when driving the actuator. If no preload is applied, backlash may occur and it may decrease accuracy.

In the inspection before shipping, a preload of 9.8 N gf is applied to measure the accuracy. However, please be careful not to apply a load exceeding the rated thrust in the backward thrust direction when installing the actuator to your equipment.

Note* 6: The actuator cable is not a bending resistant cable. Please contact us if bending stress is applied repeatedly to the cable.

Note* 7: For details on Origin Position, please see 'Glossary' on page 15.

Note* 8: The encoders of these models have 2 channels only and have no Z phase.

Note* 9: The positional relationship between the M3 mounting screw holes and the cable is arbitrary.

Note* 10: When attaching screws to the N type with screw holes, the torque applied to the actuator rod should be 1 Nm or less. If torque exceeding 1Nm is applied, the accuracy of the actuator may decrease.

Safety Mechanism

Our linear actuators have end limit sensor which also serves as a sensor for detecting the origin position at the backward end. However, since they have no brake mechanism, the spindle will move if a load is applied to the spindle when the motor is not energized. Therefore, safety measures may be required for your equipment.

Compatibility

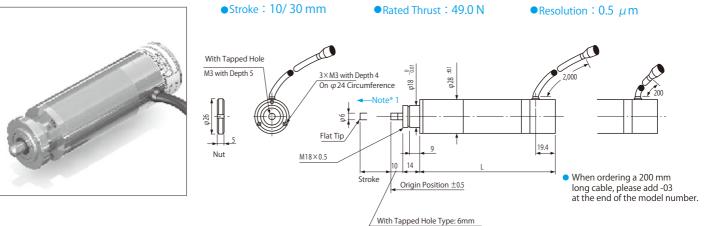
The mounting part is compatible with manual micrometer head.

Special Driver

Please use our exclusive driver, LAD-01 Series, to drive actuators.

Extension Cable

MAB-D28 Series



Specification

		Мо	del	 Flat Tip :
ltems	Unit	MAB-D28H10 MAB-D28R10 MAB-D28N10	MAB-D28H30 MAB-D28R3 0 MAB-D28N30	 Spherica
Stroke	mm	10	30	— (
Rated Thrust	N	49.0	49.0	
Maximum Thrust for a Short Time	N	98.0	98.0	SR4
Resolution	μm	0.5	0.5	 Tapped I
Maximum Speed	mm/s	50	50	
Screw Lead	mm	1	1	M3 v
Unidirectional Repeat Accuracy	μm	3	3	
Bidirectional Repeat Accuracy	μm	5	8	
Bidirectional Positioning Accuracy	μm	10	20	
Average Inverse Error	μm	3	5	
Limit Sensor	-	Hall S	ensor	
Length	mm	95	115	
Weight	g	430	480	
Diameter	mm	φ28	φ28	

Note* 1: When the motor rotates in the CW direction viewed from rod side, it moves to the direction of the arrow.

Note* 2: Please be sure to use the limit switch. If not used, the rod may get stuck in the back and cannot be restored.

Note* 3: The logic of limit switch is normally closed (NC). Please connect the limit switch to the upper controller and adjust to stop the pulse output when the switch is turned ON.

Note* 4: Please use the accompanying screw nut to fix the actuator to your equipment. If the actuator housing is fixed too tight, it may decrease accuracy.

Note* 5: The actuator rod can receive loads in both forward and backward thrust directions. Please use springs or other similar item to apply preload to the rod to make load apply one direction when driving the actuator. If no preload is applied, backlash may occur and it may decrease accuracy.

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Note* 6: The actuator cable is not a bending resistant cable. Please contact us if bending stress is applied repeatedly to the cable.

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Compatibility

The mounting part is compatible with manual micrometer head.

Special Driver

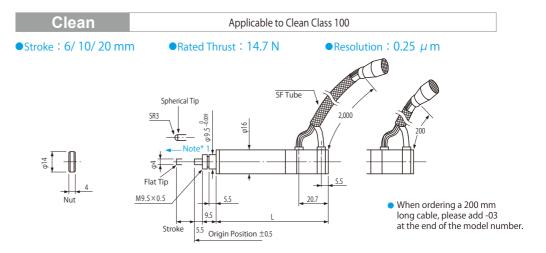
Please use our exclusive driver, LAD-01 Series, to drive actuators.

Extension Cable

Linear Actuator for Clean Room

MASC-D16 Series





Specification

			Model	
ltems	Unit	MASC -D16H06 MASC -D16R06	MASC -D16H10 MASC -D16R10	MASC - D16H20 MASC - D16R20
Stroke	mm	6	10	20
Rated Thrust	N	14.7	14.7	14.7
Resolution	μm	0.25	0.25	0.25
Maximum Speed	mm/s	4	4	4
Screw Lead	mm	0.4	0.4	0.4
Unidirectional Repeat Accuracy	μm	3	3	3
Bidirectional Repeat Accuracy	μm	5	5	8
Bidirectional Positioning Accuracy	μm	10	10	16
Average Inverse Error	μm	3	3	5
Limit Sensor	-		Hall Sensor	
Length	mm	68	72	82
Weight	g	150	155	160
Diameter	mm	φ16	φ16	φ16

Note* 1: When the motor rotates in the CW direction viewed from rod side, it moves to the direction of the arrow.

Note* 2: Please be sure to use the limit switch. If not used, the rod may get stuck in the back and cannot be restored.

Note* 3: The logic of limit switch is normally closed (NC). Please connect the limit switch to the upper controller and adjust to stop the pulse output when the switch is turned ON.

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Note* 7: For details on Origin Position, please see 'Glossary' on page 15.

Safety Mechanism

Our linear actuators have end limit sensor which also serves as a sensor for detecting the origin position at the backward end.

Compatibility

The mounting part is compatible with manual micrometer head.

Special Driver

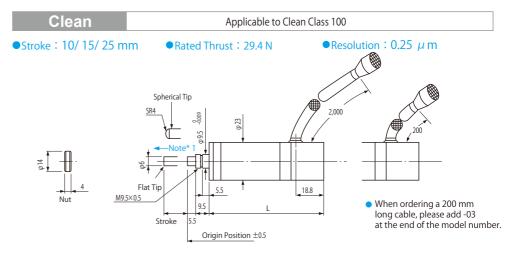
Please use our exclusive driver, LAD-01 Series, to drive actuators.

Extension Cable

Linear Actuator for Clean Room

MASC-D23 Series





Specification

			Model	
ltems	Unit	MASC -D23H10 MASC -D23R 10	MASC - D23H15 MASC - D23R15	MASC - D23H25 MASC - D23R 25
Stroke	mm	10	15	25
Rated Thrust	N	29.4	29.4	29.4
Resolution	μm	0.25	0.25	0.25
Maximum Speed	mm/s	5	5	5
Screw Lead	mm	0.5	0.5	0.5
Unidirectional Repeat Accuracy	μm	3	3	3
Bidirectional Repeat Accuracy	μm	5	8	8
Bidirectional Positioning Accuracy	μm	10	13	20
Average Inverse Error	μm	3	4	5
Limit Sensor	-		Hall Sensor	
Length	mm	72	77	87
Weight	g	265	270	280
Diameter	mm	φ23	φ23	φ23

Note* 1: When the motor rotates in the CW direction viewed from rod side, it moves to the direction of the arrow.

Note* 2: Please be sure to use the limit switch. If not used, the rod may get stuck in the back and cannot be restored.

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Note* 6: The actuator cable is not a bending resistant cable. Please contact us if bending stress is applied repeatedly to the cable.

Note* 7: For details on Origin Position, please see 'Glossary' on page 15.

Safety Mechanism

Our linear actuators have end limit sensor which also serves as a sensor for detecting the origin position at the backward end.

Compatibility

The mounting part is compatible with manual micrometer head.

Special Driver

Please use our exclusive driver, LAD-01 Series, to drive actuators.

Extension Cable

Control Driver for Linear Actuator

LAD-01 Series



LAD-01 Series

LAD-01C - 012 for Open Collector LAD-01D - 012 for Line Driver

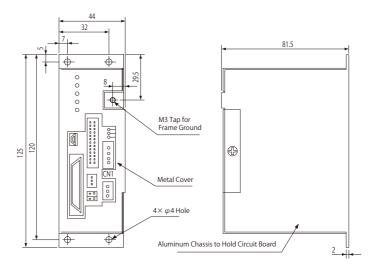
Parameters and gains can be set by serial communication through USB cable.

Features

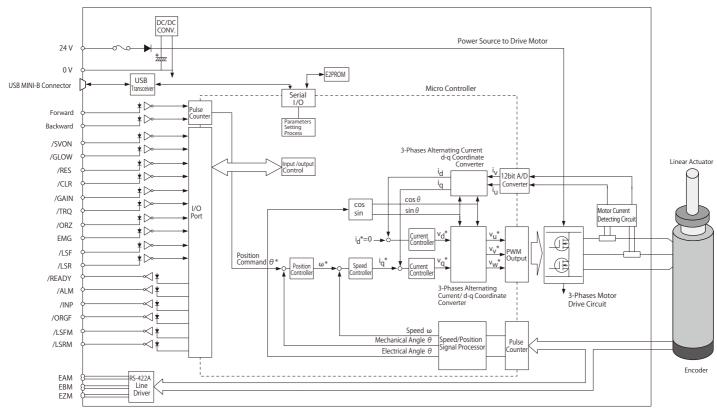
- This is a 3 phases sine wave PWM drive driver.
- This is the driver exclusive for Citizen Chiba Precision's miniaturized linear actuators.
- Two types of preprogrammed gain setting can be switched by input signal.

Outer Drawing & Mounting Dimension





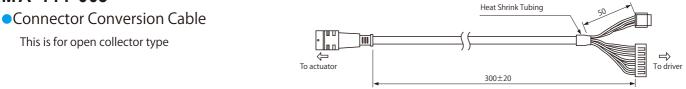
Circuit Configuration



Specifications

Model	LAD-	01 Series				
Input Power Source Voltage	DC 24V					
Continuous Rated Output Current	3 Arms					
Maximum Rated Output Current	10 A peak					
Control System	Position Control					
Encoder Input	φ A, φ B, φ Z (MALS / MALB Series has no Z phase.)					
Hall sensor	φ U, φ V, φ W (Hall IC)					
	MAS-D16 16kHz	MAB-D28 100kHz				
Input Maximum Fraguancy	MASC-D16 16kHz	MALS-D18 8kHz				
Input Maximum Frequency	MAS-D23 20kHz	MALS-D23 10kHz				
	MASC-D23 20kHz	MALB-D28 64kHz				
Positioning Accuracy	\pm 1 pulse of encoder resolution	I				
Encoder Multiplication Function	× 4 multiplication					
Command Multiplication Function	Only for 2 pulse system: fixed to 4 multiplication, other system	ems: 1 multiplication				
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	0~50℃					
Operating Ambient Humidity Range	Below 85% RH without condensation					
Storage Condition	20 to 85 °C without condensation					
 Input Signals 						
	Please select one by parameter setting:					
	1. (2 Pulse System) CW or CCW Pulse System					
Pulse Input Signal	2. (1 pulse system) Pulse, Direction System					
	 2-Phase Pulse System (Input is isolated by photocoupler) 					
Reset Input	Alarm Output Reset and Residual Pulse Reset / Logic is Low Active					
Limit Sensor Input	LSF (CW prohibited), LSR (CCW prohibited)					
(Motor-Free Input)	Not available					
·		d) /				
Gain-Low Input	Gain-Low (gain reduction to reduce vibration when stoppe Logic is Low Active	u) /				
Deviation Clear	Residual Pulse Reset / Low Active					
Gain Switching	Switchable to 2 types of preprogrammed gain settings / Lo	w Active				
Start Searching Origin Position	Execute searching origin position by preprogrammed mod	e / Low Active				
 Output Signals 						
INP Output	In-Position Output can be set within a range from 0 to ± 15 Low Active	pulse by parameter setting /				
Alarm Output	It is output when Encoder disconnection, full torque, full count or overheat occured. (Encoder Disconnection Alarm is available only for a line driver type) Cause of the alarm at the time of error is indicated by the number of times LED blinks.					
Encoder Output	φ A, φ B, φ Z Equivalent to RS-422 Output					
Limit Output	The input of the limit sensor (LSF/ LSR mentioned above) is	output by the photocoupler				
Finish Searching Origin Position	It is output when searching origin position is finished according to the input of Start Searching Origin Position					
Ready	It is output when command pulse is ready to be input after Servo is ON					
Control Functions						
Power Source Gain						
Speed Proportional Gain						
Speed Integral Gain	Adjustable by parameter setting					
Position gain						
Display Functions	1					
PWR	Power (+ 24V) / LED lights up when input					
SV	LED lights up when Servo is ON					
ALM	LED lights up when an alarm occurred					
INP	LED lights up when residual deviation is within in-position	setting value				
		-				
ORZ	LED lights up when searching origin position is finished acc	orang to the input of				

MA-111-003

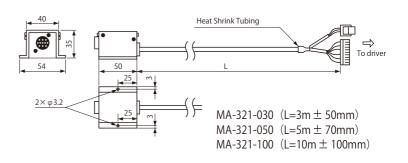


* Since the actuator and driver have a receiving connector, it is possible to make it by yourself (connector shape would be different from the drawing.)

MA-321-XXX

• Extension Cable with Line Driver Box

This is for direct connection type to line driver compatible driver

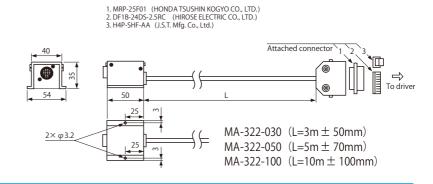


MA-322-XXX

Extension Cable with Line Driver Box

This is for MA-322-XXX connector which is fixed to your product's panel unit.

This cannot be directly connected to the driver.

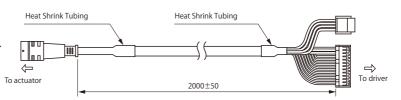


MA-171-020

Robot Cable

This is for open collector driver direct connection type.

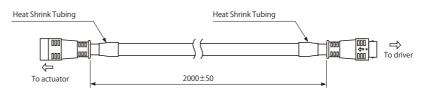
This cable can be used only for the linear actuator with the 200 mm long cable.



* The length that can be guaranteed with the open collector type is up to 2.5 m. When ordering an open collector type actuator and selecting this MA-171-020, please specify the 200 mm long cable by adding 03 to the last digit of the model number.

MA-175-020

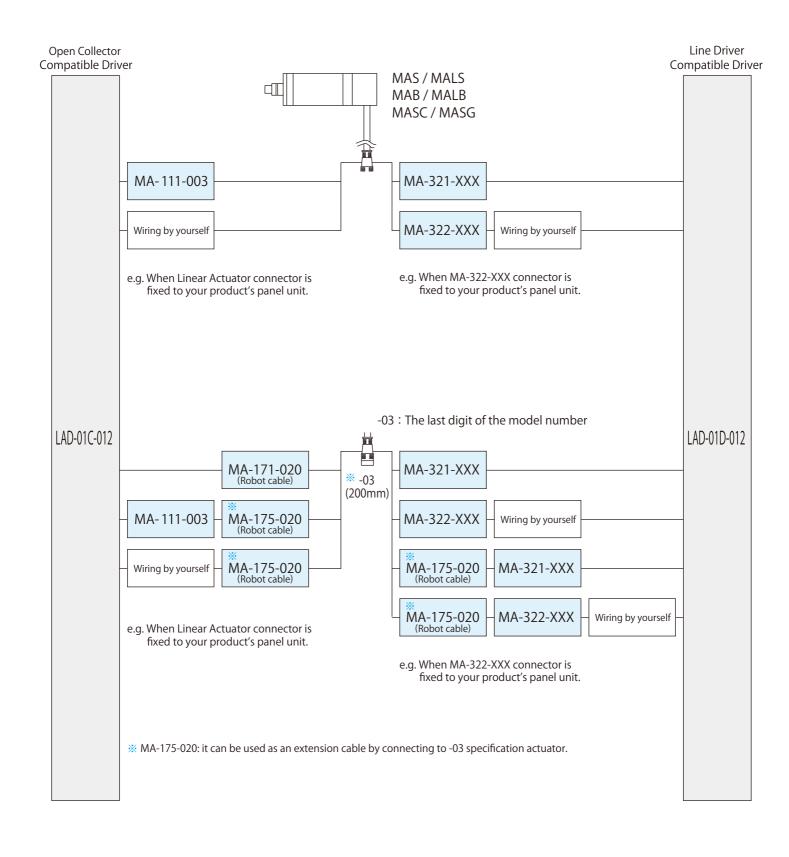
Robot Cable



This cable can be used only for the linear actuator with the 200 mm long cable.

** The length that can be guaranteed with the open collector type is up to 2.5 m. When ordering an open collector type actuator and selecting this MA-175-020, please specify the 200 mm long cable by adding 03 to the last digit of the model number.

Reference Diagram for Cable Combination



Total Cable Length: Shorter than 2.5m Tota

Total Cable Length: Shorter than 12.5m

Glossary

Stroke

This is the range of movement that allows the rod (moving part) of a linear actuator to move forward and backward.

Rated Thrust

This is the maximum thrust including preload that can operate the linear actuator at maximum speed.

Resolution

This is the logical minimum positioning value, which is the amount of movement per command pulse from the controller. It is calculated by the number of pulse of encoder, encoder multiplication of the driver, and screw lead.

Resolution
$$[\mu m] = \frac{L}{P \times m} \times 10^{-3}$$

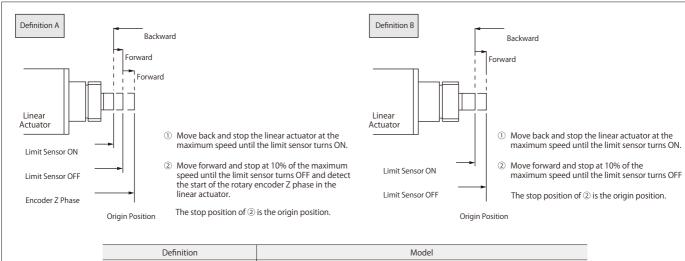
L: Screw lead (mm), P: Encoder pulse (Pulse), m: Multiplication

• Pre-load

This is the load to reduce axial clearance of screw lead or ball screw

Origin Position

In CITIZEN CHIBA PRECISION, the definition of the origin position differs depending on the model as shown below.



Definition	Model			
А	MAS Series / MAB Series / MAR Series / MASC Series / MASG Series			
 В	MALS Series / MALB Series			

Positioning Accuracy

This is the absolute error of the actual stop position against the target position. It is also the absolute accuracy including repeatability.

Repeat Accuracy

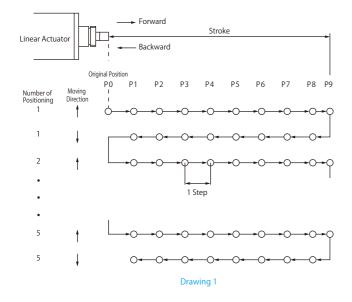
This is the position repeatability when it is repeatedly positioned at an arbitrary position.

Average Inverse Erro

This is the average of the difference (inverse error) between the stop position from the forward and the backward directions when positioning each target position from the forward and backward directions.

Accuracy Measurement

CITIZEN CHIBA PRECSION has defined the accuracy measurement method and system in accordance with "JIS B-6201 (Machine Tool - Test Method General Rules)" as below:



Accuracy Measurement Method :

According to the test cycle shown in "Drawing 1", we make a linear actuator to position for 5 times to the preset target position from the forward and backward directions.

Then, the error (deviation) of the actual stop position against each target position is calculated.

Furthermore, following four items, (1) Unidirectional Repeat Accuracy, (2) Bidirectional Repeat Accuracy, (3) Bidirectional Positioning Accuracy, and (4) Average Inverse Error, are calculated and evaluated.

The distance of one step from P0 to P8 is determined by the following formula:

Distance of one step =
$$\frac{\text{Stroke} - 0.25 \text{ mm}}{8}$$
 [mm]

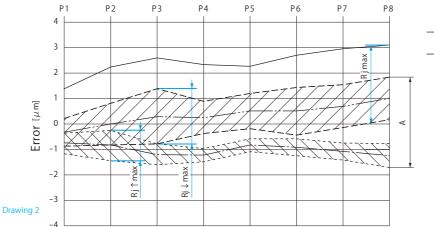
In the number of position command pulses equivarent to one step distance, less than 100 pulses are rounded down, and the step distance between P8 and P9 is calculated by following formura:

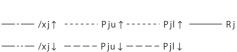
Stroke – (Distance of one step \times 8)

Table-1	1						
Number			Definition		Code	Definition Formula	
						Positioning Forward Direction 1	Positioning Backward Direction \downarrow
1			Number of Target Stop Position		j	j=1, 2, 3, ····, n	
2			" j " th Target Position		Рj	Рј	
3			Stop Position in the Forward or Backward Direction at the " i " th Time Positioning in " j "		Pji ↑ or Pji ↓	Pji ↑	Pji↓
4			Deviation Between the Stop Position and the Target Position in the Forward or Backward Direction of " i" th Time in " Pj"		xji ↑ or xji ↓	xji↑=Pji↑-Pj	xji↓ = Pji↓ - Pj
5			Average Deviation of 5 Times Stop Position to " Pj "		xj↑ or xj↓	$\overline{x}j\uparrow=rac{1}{5}\sum_{i=1}^{5}x_{i}ji\uparrow$	$\overline{x}j\downarrow = \frac{1.5}{5} x_{ji} \downarrow \downarrow$
6			Inverse Error in " Pj "		Bj	$Bj = x\overline{j} \uparrow - x\overline{j} \downarrow$	
7			Estimated Standard Deviation for Unidierctiona Positioning in " Pj "	Calculating by Formula	sj↑ or sj↓	$sj\uparrow=\sqrt{\frac{1}{4\sum\limits_{i=1}^{5}}(xji\uparrow-x\overline{j}\uparrow)^{2}}$	$sj \downarrow = \sqrt{\frac{1}{4\sum_{i=1}^{5}}(xji\downarrow - x\overline{j}\downarrow)^{2}}$
				Calculating by Width		$sj\uparrow=rac{xji\uparrow max-xji\uparrow min}{2.326}$	$sj \downarrow = \frac{xji \downarrow max - xji \downarrow min}{2.326}$
Positioning Accuracy in " Pj "	8		Limit of Unidirectional Positioning Position	Upper Limit	Pju	Pju=xj↑+3sj↑	Pju=xj↓+3sj↓
				Lower Limit	Pjl	$PjI = x\overline{j} \uparrow -3sj \uparrow$	$PjI = x\overline{j} \downarrow - 3sj \downarrow$
	9		Bidirectional Positioning Accuracy		Rj↑ or Rj↓	Rj↑=6sj ↑	Rj↓=6sj↓
	10		Bidirectional Repeat Accuracy		Rj	Maximum value of Rj \uparrow , Rj $\downarrow~~$ or $~3sj\uparrow+3sj\downarrow~+~$ I Bj I	
Positioning Accuracy of Kinetic Axis	11		Unidirectional Repeat Accuracy (of Kinetic Axis)		R ↑ or R ↓	$R \uparrow = (Rj \uparrow)$ maximum	$R \downarrow = (Rj \downarrow)$ maximum
	12		Bidirectional Repeat Accuracy (of Kinetic Axis)		R	R=(Rj) maximum	
	13		Bidirectional Positioning Accuracy (of Kinetic Axis)		А	A=(Pju) maximum –(Pjl) minimum	
	14		Average Inverse Error		B	$\overline{B} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n} B_j$	

In accordance with the formula in the Drawing 1 on page 15, (1) Unidirectional Repeat Accuracy, (2) Bidirectional Repeat Accuracy, (3) Bidirectional Positioning Accuracy, and (4) Average Inverse Error, are calculated by the error (deviation) of the actual stopped position against each target position.

/xj, Pju, Pjl, Rj are calculated according to Table-1 above and become graph as shown in Drawing 2 below. However, Rj in the graph is the calculation result of 3sj \uparrow +3sj \downarrow + |B|





Definition of Accuracy

① Unidirectional Repeat Accuracy

This is the repeatability of the position when positioning from the forward or backward direction. We define the maximum value of $Rj \uparrow or Rj \downarrow$ in Drawing 2 as unidirectional repeat accuracy.

2 Bidirectional Repeat Accuracy

We define the maximum value of Rj \uparrow and Rj \downarrow or Rj max in Drawing 2 as bidirectional repeat accuracy.

3 Bidirectional Positioning Accuracy

This is the maximum error between the target position and the actual stop position including bidirectional repeat accuracy. We define A in Drawing 2 as bidirectional positioning accuracy.

④ Average Inverse Error

The average of inverse error " Bj "

According to the above definitions 1 to 4, we inspect all the products before delivery.

Models for Special Environments

Model for Chemical Cleanliness

Model for Clean Room

Model for Vacuum

Based on the standard models, we can customize our products to meet our customers' requirement.

We customize our products not only for general environment but also for special environment such as vacuum environment and clean room which require countermeasures for dust, gas, and/or chemical substance.

Examples of Solution for Chemical Cleanliness

We use the components which emit the limited amount of gas :

- · Change grease of the bearings and gearheads to fluorine grease
- Use fluorine resin cable and lead wire
- Use special adhesive

• We can also customize the motor characteristics, shape, design etc. at the same time.

*Caution for Specification Change According to the Components Change

By changing the grease to fluorine type, the characteristics such as increase of current value and decrease of gear's allowable output / torque may change. And also, bearing life may be significantly shortened by the deterioration in lubricity depending on the grease used.

Examples of Application for Chemical Cleanliness

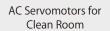
- Semiconductor Equipments
- Electron Microscopes
- Other applications requiring low gas emission

Examples of Customized Product



Brushless Motors for Chemical Cleanliness







Linear Actuators for Vacuum Environment

▲ Cautions for Handling Products

Our linear actuator, encoder, driver, and accessories are precision-machined products and it is assumed that all the cautions and warnings listed below are correctly understood and handled.

Please do not install, operate, maintain, or inspect the product until you have a full knowledge on the product, safety information, and cautions.

The minimum cautions required for your safety are as follows.

[Caution When Unpacking]

• When you received the product, please check the package for damage and if it is the product you ordered.

[Cautions for Handling]

- 1. Be sure to check the wiring before turning on the power. Failure to follow this caution may result in mechanical damage and/or operation error.
- 2. The cables or lead wires should not be damaged, stressed excessively, loaded heavily, or pinched. Failure to follow this causion may result in malfuncition and/or the products would not operate correctly.
- 3. Since they are small precision products, there are many parts where strength is secured by adhesion. Please handle with care such as do not apply impact or stress to the joints of the gear and encoder. Failure to follow this caution may result in injury and/or malfunction.
- 4. Please do not apply impact or radial load to the shaft. Also please do not apply thrust load that exceeds the specified value. Failure to follow this caution may result in malfunction.
- 5. Hall sensor and encoder include semiconductor components. Please process the lead wire in an anti-static environment.
- 6. When installing the product, please use the specified number of screws by the torque specified in JIS. Please select the screws according to the dimensions shown in the external layout drawings. Failure to follow this caution, such as screws are too long or fixing torque excessive, may result in a malfunction for mechanical parts inside may be deformed or destroyed.
- 7. Please do not use or store the product in an environment subject to corrosive gas or any other hazardous gas. Also, please keep dust, water or oil out of the product.
- 8. If smoke, abnormal heat generation, strange odor, abnormal noise, abnormal vibration, etc. is generated, please stop operating immediately and turn off the power.
- 9. Linear actuators do not have a ground terminal. If you need to ground it, please use a housing.
- 10. When mounting the driver and other optional items, please use screws that conform to the specifications in the outline drawing. Especially, if the screw for fixing the driver is too long, it may damage the board, causing malfunction, short circuit, or fire.
- 11. Since the life of the linear actuator and its accessories varies greatly depending on the load conditions, operating mode and operating environment, please check the operation of the actual machine thoroughly.
- 12. For fixing linear actuator, please see "Drawing of Fixing Actuator" on page 2.

[Product Warranty]

1. Duration of the warranty is one year from the date of delivery. If the customer discovered a defect in material and workmanship within this period, we will repair the product for free only if the customer carry it in or return it to our company address by customer's expense.

Please note that it would take several days to repair.

- 2. For the defect caused by "misuse" or "mishandling" by any party, or the defect caused later than one year from the date of delivery, the customer is responsible for repairing charges. We will repair the product only if the customer carry it in to our company address or the customer is responsible to all shipping charges.
- 3. We are not liable to the damages caused while in transit. Please pack the product with sufficient cushioning materials to prevent external vibration.

[Other]

- 1. If you got any problem with our product, please do not disassemble it and keep it as it is. Then please contact our sales representatives and return it. We will investigate and repair the product only if it is brought or sent to our company by a customer's expense.
- 2. Information listed above is subject to change without notice. For further information, please contact our sales representatives or our authorized distributors.

Product Lineup



Coreless DC Motors

Brushless Motors

AC Servomotors

Linear Actuators

Galvanometer Optical Scanners

Tachometer Generator/ Encoder

Application for Solution



* Technical data and products are subject to change without prior notice. For further information, please contact our sales representatives or authorized distributors.

CITIZEN

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